

Masterplanning for Universal Design New Zealand Association of Gerontology

Тщєпєгмо!

George Weeks Principal Transport Advisor – Auckland Council 26 September 2024

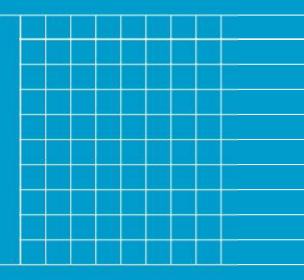




VERSION 1.2 APRIL 2024

KĀINGA ORA DESIGN GUIDELINES MASTERPLANNING FOR UNIVERSAL DESIGN

A guide to show how to include universal design in Kāinga Ora masterplans.





The city is grand because it grants everyone the opportunity to make the most of themselves.

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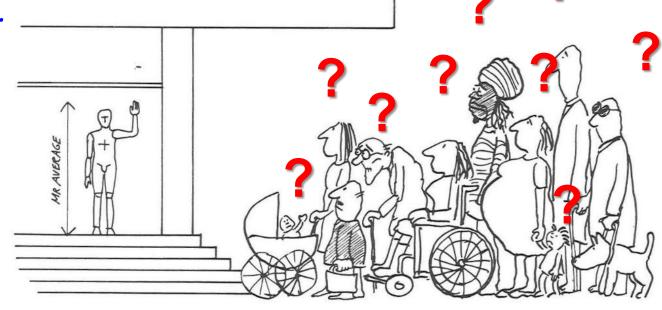
Pericles; elected ruler of Athens from 461 to 429BC

Universal Design

Good design that works for everyone.

It is about making sure everything is accessible to, understood by and used <u>to the greatest extent possible by everyone</u>, without adaptation or requiring little adaptation.

New Zealand Disability Strategy 2016 – 2026



Hellman.

Who benefits from universal design?

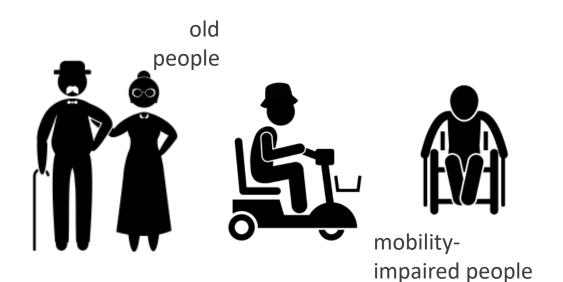












Blind people pregnant women



Everyone benefits from universal design!

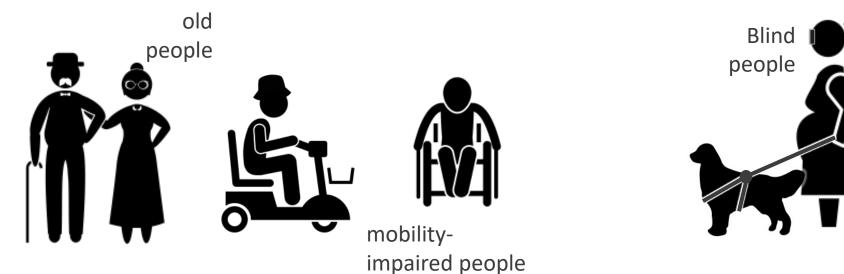


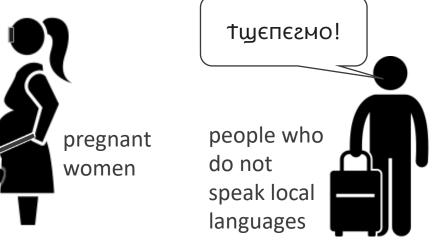












Not all disabilities are visible

baby buggy

1

EU



Well-placed dropped kerbs have given people their independence back.

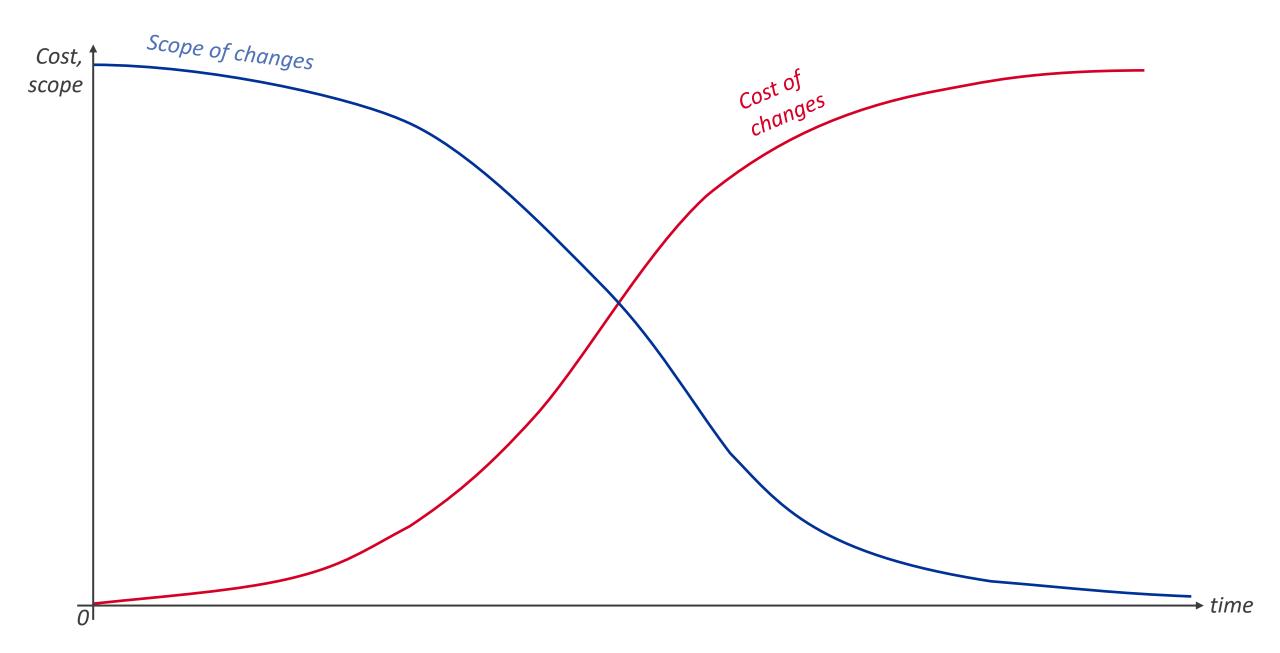
A tiny piece of detail can make a huge difference.

> A raised platform crossing...it ultimately removes my disability!



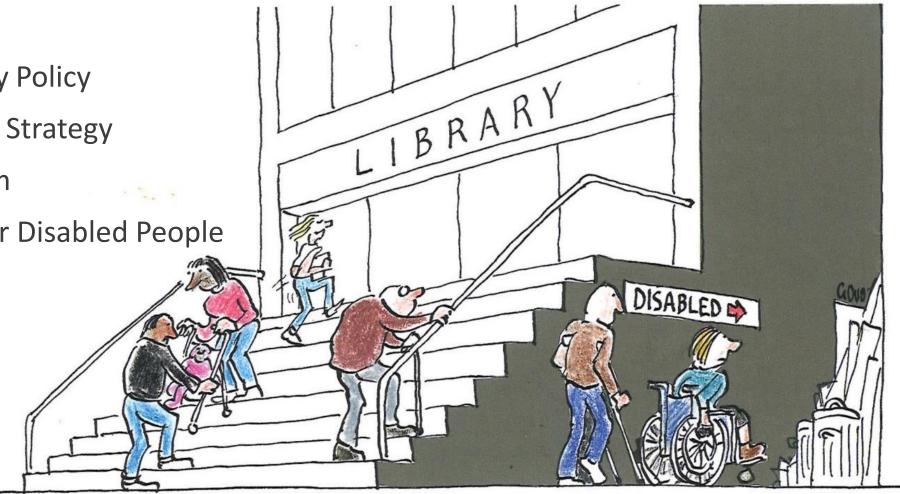






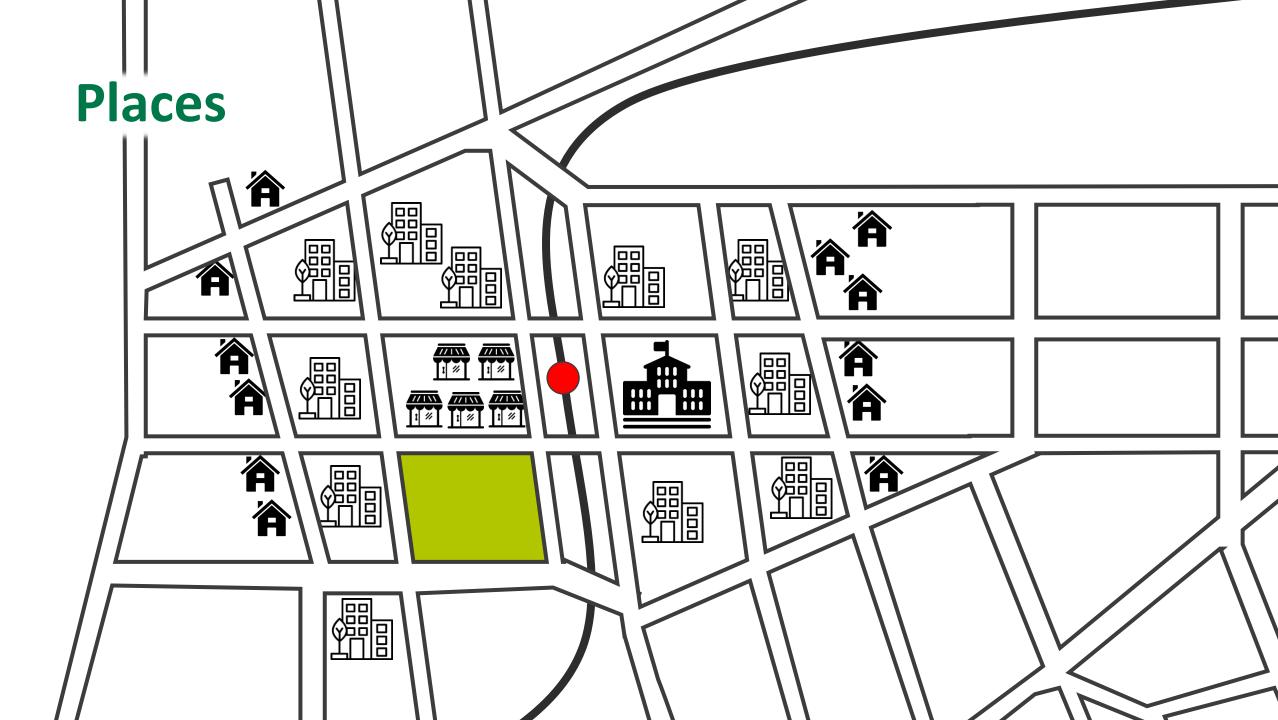
Policy context

- Kāinga Ora Act
- Kāinga Ora Accessibility Policy
- New Zealand Disability Strategy
- Universal Design Forum
- Whaikaha Ministry for Disabled People
- Auckland Plan
- Universal Design Tool
- …others



Masterplanning for Universal Design



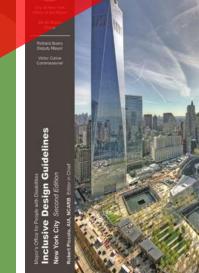




GOOD PRACTICES OF ACCESSIBLE URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Making urban environments inclusive and fully accessible to ALL

United Nations



INCLUSIVE DESIGN

STANDARDS

MAY 2019

Centre for Excellence in Universal Design Universal Design Guidelines For Homes in Ireland





UNIVERSAL DESIGN 101

0

Design guidelines

The design guides help to ensure that all design and building projects meet our standards, and reflect our design principles.





Expertise



Dr Bridget Doran Transport Engineer Researcher Advocate

Kāinga Ora



MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT





Disabled People's Organisations Coalition

















Low Vision NZ

Blind











- Accessibility
- Engagement
- Evaluation & Research
- Investment Management Office
- National Services
- Planning
- Publishing
- Strategy
- Te Kurutao
- Urban Development & Delivery
- Urban Design
- Others....





Living Streets Aotearoa

Disabled People's Organisations Coalition



disability connect. helping families Cerebral Palsy Society freedom & choice



Absolutely Positively **Wellington** City Council Me Heke Ki Põneke Christchurch



Low Vision NZ

Blind



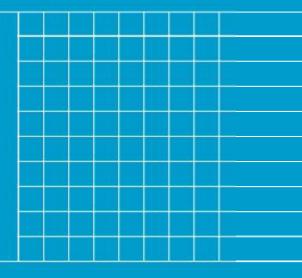


Published 1 May 2024

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A guide to show how to include universal design in Käinga Ora masterplans.





This decument ha been designed to viewed at A3 size

Published 1 May 2024 *Congratulations – what a great piece of work and valuable resource. It's fantastic.* Hayley Ellison, Principal Advisor - Urban Development, Kāinga Ora Great super straight forward and clear checklist. Orson Waldock, Team Leader, Urban Design, Kāinga Ora congrats on delivering such an accessible document – even I Another awesome piece of work George. Well done. can see the vision!. Alaistair Ray, Principal, Jasmax Sandy Kitchner, Team Leader - Project Management Services, Kāinga Ora What a huge achievement getting this finalised! Stephanie Jowett, Principal Planner, Kāinga Ora It's a really helpful piece of work, well done! Kathryn King, Urban Mobility Manager, Multimodal & Innovation, Waka Kotahi NZTA







Criteria are taken from the Waka Kotahi NZTA Universal Design Principles.







	S	afe											
	Criteria for Safe	Standards	Y/N?										
1	Safe speeds where pedestrians and vehicles can interact; collisions are survivable if someone makes a mistake.	85 th percentile operating speed will be <30 km/h. Shared spaces need a design speed of 10 km/h.											
2	Vertical physical separation – pedestrians are separated	If 85 th percentile operating speed is >20 km/h, separated											
3	from faster modes. Sufficient width to allow users to pass each other.	space is needed. Minimum usable footway width >2.1m											
4	Non-slip surfaces – surfaces are not slippery or in need of maintenance.	Meets NZ4586 P5 slip-resistance standard.											
5	are free from obstacles and texture irregulari	Obstacles (e.g. bins, signposts,											
		texture irregularities) are rare (<1 per 100m on average).											
6	Well-designed lighting – all	Complies with appropriate	omplies with appropriate										
	public space and walkways are lit appropriately.	P-categories in NZS1158.3	P-categories in NZS1158.3										
7	Public surveillance – public Sec spaces and walkways are Cri located in places where they Env	public See: National Guidelines for	ee: National Guidelines for and on-street formats										
		Crime Prevention through											
		New Zealand (2005)											

Criteria are taken from the Waka Kotahi NZTA Universal Design Principles.

Standards are likewise obtained from Waka Kotahi unless stated otherwise.







	Safe				Ob	vious							
	Criteria for Safe	Standards	Y/N?		Criteria for Obvious	Standards	Y/N?						
1	Safe speeds where pedestrians and vehicles can interact; collisions are survivable if someone makes a mistake.	85 th percentile operating speed will be <30 km/h. Shared spaces need a design speed of 10 km/h.		8	All road users understand where they are expected to be.	Is the street layout clear and obvious to all personas? Is it clear how each section is meant to work?							
2	Vertical physical separation – pedestrians are separated	If 85 th percentile operating speed is >20 km/h, separated		9	Accessible transport choices are available.	e. (<15 minutes interval, 7am – 7pm							
	from faster modes.	space is needed.	space is needed.	space is needed.				all week), SOS from door to door? Is information readily available					
3	Sufficient width to allow users to pass each other.	Minimum usable footway width >2.1m				in case of temporary changes in routes/services?							
4	Non-slip surfaces – surfaces	Meets NZ4586 P5 slip-resistance		10	There are clearly marked	Is it clear and obvious – to all g design personas – how people are meant to move through							
	are not slippery or in need of maintenance.	standard.		10	pedestrian-priority routes along paths and streets, through public spaces and across roads.								
5	are free from obstacles and	Obstacles (e.g. bins, signposts, texture irregularities) are rare											
			texture irregularities) are rare (<1 per 100m on average).					Are clear pedestrian routes					
						fully reflected in plans?							
6	Well-designed lighting – all public space and walkways are lit appropriately.	valkways P-categories in NZS1158.3	Complies with appropriate		11	Routes are easy-to-navigate –	Use Waka Kotahi NZTA						
			wayfinding information is:	wayfinding information is:	wayfinding standards:								
7	Public surveillance – public See: National G spaces and walkways are Crime Prevention located in places where they Environmental	Crime Prevention through	See: National Guidelines for	See: National Guidelines for			 provided in digital, paper and on-street formats 	Universal design					
					 visual, tactile and audible 	Clear and effective							
				 visual, tactile and audible consistent with standard 	Simple and concise								
			vew Zealand (2005)	iew zealand (2005)			 Consistent with standard NZ signs 	Consistent					

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	Safe				Ob	vious	Step-free				
	Criteria for Safe	Standards	Y/N?		Criteria for Obvious	Standards	Y/N?		Criteria for Step-free	Standards	Y/N?
1	Safe speeds where pedestrians and vehicles can interact; collisions are survivable if	85 th percentile operating speed will be <30 km/h. Shared spaces need a design speed of 10 km/h.		8	All road users understand where they are expected to be.	Is the street layout clear and obvious to all personas? Is it clear how each section is meant		12	Routes do not involve excessive diversions, nor require people to put themselves in danger to avoid a step.	Aim for step-free Pedestrian Route Directness (PRD) ratio of 1.00 – 1.50.	
2	someone makes a mistake. Vertical physical separation – pedestrians are separated	If 85 th percentile operating speed is >20 km/h, separated		9	Accessible transport choices are available.	to work? Is there frequent public transport (<15 minutes interval, 7am – 7pm				Step-free routes must follow desire lines, not circuitous secondary routes.	
	from faster modes.	space is needed.				all week), SOS from door to door? Is information readily available		13	Routes have gentle gradients	 <5% (1 in 20) average gradient 	
3	Sufficient width to allow users to pass each other.	Minimum usable footway width >2.1m				in case of temporary changes in routes/services?			and places to rest – for example, landings on ramps.	 Sections steeper than 7% (1 in 14) must not exceed 	
4	Non-slip surfaces – surfaces	Meets NZ4586 P5 slip-resistance		10	There are clearly marked	Is it clear and obvious – to all design personas – how people are meant to move through the area? Are clear pedestrian routes				5m in length.	
	are not slippery or in need of maintenance.	standard.		10	pedestrian-priority routes along paths and streets, through					 Sections steeper than 8% (1 in 12) must not exceed 2m in length. 	
5	Minimal hazards – routes				public spaces and across roads.					0	
	are free from obstacles and texture irregularities) are rare trip hazards (<1 per 100m on average).	(<1 per 100m on average).								(UN Design Manual; 2003-4)	
6	Well-designed lighting – all	Complies with appropriate				fully reflected in plans? Use Waka Kotahi NZTA		14	 Step-free routes are provided as the primary route and can be negotiated independently. 	If standards in rows 1-13 are met this criterion will itself be met.	
0		P-categories in NZS1158.3		11						Check repeatedly through the	_
		-			wayfinding information is:	wayfinding standards:				design process.	
7	spaces and walkways are Crime Prev located in places where they Environme	ways are Crime Prevention through			 provided in digital, paper and on-street formats 	Universal design				0 1	
			,	and walkways are Crime Prevention through	 visual, tactile and audible 	 Clear and effective Simple and concise 					
		New Zealand (2005)			 consistent with standard NZ signs 	Simple and conciseConsistent					

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Personas

Street-level accessibility - details



BLIND ADULT

Need safe routes, tactile wayfinding guidance, priority crossings or lowspeed environments with accessible, identifiable routes.



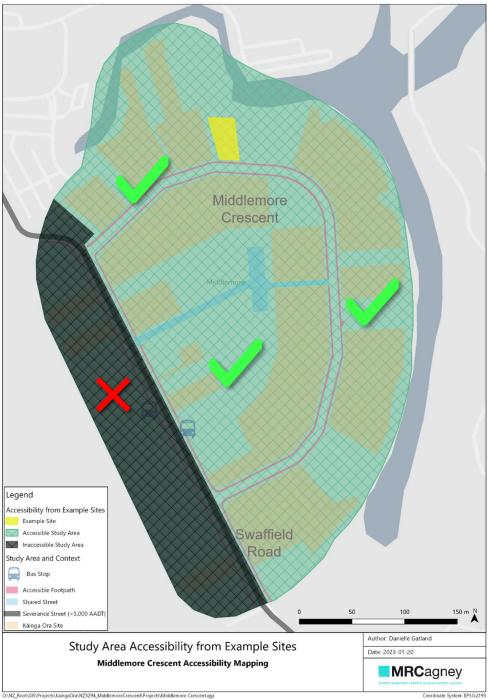
8 YEAR OLD CHILD

Need safe and obvious routes priority road crossings on streets that are not too busy.

Road crossings must be smooth and not too long with high quality infrastructure

WHEELCHAIR







LEGEND:

- Recommended raised zebra crossing Or alternative pedestrian priority crossing
- Recommended footpath connection to Middlemore Station

Masterplanning for Universal Design

Can inform:

- Where to build Full Universal Design and Accessible Homes
- Where to locate public infrastructure
- Is a particular location suitable <u>at all?</u>
- Best practice <u>as standard</u>.



A





Best practice, eh?

I think you're being a bit **aspirational?**



Aspirational?

Aspirational?

Yes.

Aspirational?



That's the point.

Absence of aspiration leads to mediocrity



Absence of aspiration leads to mediocrity



Aspiration leads to inclusivity



Health

The magic bullet for good health is staying physically active.

Jaac

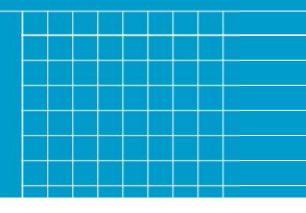
Dr JoAnn Manson University of Harvard

Google: Kāinga Ora Masterplanning for Universal Design



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